## WHAT WE CLAIM IS:

- 1. Combustion engine with a displacement H and with a downstream catalytic converter for cleansing exhaust gases, wherein:
- the catalytic converter has a geometric surface O;
- the catalytic converter has an effectiveness E for converting at least one harmful component in the exhaust gas into harmless components;
- the catalytic converter includes at least one honeycomb body; and
- the honeycomb bodies together have a total volume V, the volume V being selected such that it is smaller by at least a factor of 0.6 than the displacement H, while the geometric surface 0 is dimensioned such that the catalytic converter has an effectiveness E of more than 98%.
- 2. The combustion engine of claim 1, wherein said at least one honeycomb body is provided with channels through which exhaust gas can flow, wherein the number A of channels in the crosssection of the honeycomb body is at least 500 cpsi (cells per square inch).
- 3. The combustion engine of claim 2, wherein said at least one honeycomb body is a metallic honeycomb body of layered and/or wound, and at least in part structured, sheet metal layers.
- 4. The combustion engine of claim 3, wherein the channels are separated from one another by channel walls, an average thickness of which is at the most 40 micrometres.
- 5. The combustion engine of claim 3, wherein the channels are separated from one another by channel walls, an average thickness of which is at most 35 micrometres.
- 6. The combustion engine of claim 3, wherein the channels are separated from one another by channel walls, an average thickness of which is between 18 and 32 micrometres.

- 7. The combustion engine of claim 3, wherein the number of channels of said at least one honeycomb body over a crosssection through the honeycomb body is at least 600 cpsi, while the average thickness of the channel walls is at the most 32 micrometres.
- 8. The combustion engine of claim 3, wherein the catalytic converter is a three-way catalytic converter, and in normal operation converts at least 98% of the hydrocarbons and nitrous oxides in the exhaust gas.
- 9. The combustion engine of claim 3, wherein the catalytic converter is a three-way catalytic converter, and in normal operation converts 99% of the hydrocarbons and nitrous oxides in the exhaust gas.
- 10. The combustion engine of claim 3, wherein said at least one honeycomb body has a number of channels of more than 750 cpsi, and a volume V of less than 0.5 times the displacement H.
- 11. The combustion engine of claim 3, wherein an average thickness of the channel walls of said at least one honeycomb body is less than 32 micrometres.
- 12. The combustion engine of claim 3, wherein an average thickness of the channel walls of said at least one honeycomb body is approximately 25 micrometres.
- 13. The combustion engine of claim 2, wherein the channels are separated from one another by channel walls, an average thickness of which is at the most 40 micrometres.
- 14. The combustion engine of claim 2, wherein the channels are separated from one another by channel walls, an average thickness of which is at most 35 micrometres.
- 15. The combustion engine of claim 2, wherein the channels are separated from one another by channel walls, an average thickness of which is between 18 and 32 micrometres.

- 16. The combustion engine of claim 2, wherein the number of channels of said at least one honeycomb body over a crosssection through the honeycomb body is at least 600 cpsi, while the average thickness of the channel walls is at the most 32 micrometres.
- 17. The combustion engine of claim 2, wherein the catalytic converter is a three-way catalytic converter, and in normal operation converts at least 98% of the hydrocarbons and nitrous oxides in the exhaust gas.
- 18. The combustion engine of claim 2, wherein the catalytic converter is a three-way catalytic converter, and in normal operation converts 99% of the hydrocarbons and nitrous oxides in the exhaust gas.
- 19. The combustion engine of claim 2, wherein said at least one honeycomb body has a number of channels of more than 750 cpsi, and a volume V of less than 0.5 times the displacement H.
- 20. The combustion engine of claim 2, wherein an average thickness of the channel walls of said at least one honeycomb body is less than 32 micrometres.
- 21. The combustion engine of claim 2, wherein an average thickness of the channel walls of said at least one honeycomb body is approximately 25 micrometres.
- 22. The combustion engine of claim 1, wherein said at least one honeycomb body is a metallic honeycomb body of layered and/or wound, and at least in part structured, sheet metal layers.
- 23. The combustion engine of claim 22, wherein the channels are separated from one another by channel walls, an average thickness of which is at the most 40 micrometres.
- 24. The combustion engine of claim 22, wherein the channels are separated from one another by channel walls, an average thickness of which is at most 35 micrometres.

- 25. The combustion engine of claim 22, wherein the channels are separated from one another by channel walls, an average thickness of which is between 18 and 32 micrometres.
- 26. The combustion engine of claim 22, wherein the number of channels of said at least one honeycomb body over a crosssection through the honeycomb body is at least 600 cpsi, while the average thickness of the channel walls is at the most 32 micrometres.
- 27. The combustion engine of claim 22, wherein the catalytic converter is a three-way catalytic converter, and in normal operation converts at least 98% of the hydrocarbons and nitrous oxides in the exhaust gas.
- 28. The combustion engine of claim 22, wherein the catalytic converter is a three-way catalytic converter, and in normal operation converts 99% of the hydrocarbons and nitrous oxides in the exhaust gas.
- 29. The combustion engine of claim 22, wherein said at least one honeycomb body has a number of channels of more than 750 cpsi, and a volume V of less than 0.5 times the displacement H.
- 30. The combustion engine of claim 22, wherein an average thickness of the channel walls of said at least one honeycomb body is less than 32 micrometres.
- 31. The combustion engine of claim 22, wherein an average thickness of the channel walls of said at least one honeycomb body is approximately 25 micrometres.
- 32. The combustion engine of claim 1, wherein the catalytic converter is a three-way catalytic converter, and in normal operation converts at least 98% of the hydrocarbons and nitrous oxides in the exhaust gas.
- 33. The combustion engine of claim 1, wherein the catalytic converter is a three-way catalytic converter, and in normal

operation converts 99% of the hydrocarbons and nitrous oxides in the exhaust gas.

- 34. The combustion engine of claim 1, wherein said at least one honeycomb body has a number of channels of more than 750 cpsi, and a volume V of less than 0.5 times the displacement H.
- 35. The combustion engine of claim 1, wherein an average thickness of the channel walls of said at least one honeycomb body is less than 32 micrometres.
- 36. The combustion engine of claim 1, wherein an average thickness of the channel walls of said at least one honeycomb body is approximately 25 micrometres.
- 37. The combustion engine of claim 32, wherein said at least one honeycomb body has a number of channels of more than 750 cpsi, and a volume V of less than 0.5 times the displacement H.
- 38. The combustion engine of claim 37, wherein an average thickness of the channel walls of said at least one honeycomb body is less than 32 micrometres.
- 39. The combustion engine of claim 37, wherein an average thickness of the channel walls of said at least one honeycomb body is approximately 25 micrometres.